of the provision at 52.209–5, Certification Regarding Responsibility Matters, or paragraph (h) of provision 52.212–3, the contracting officer shall—

- (1) Promptly, upon receipt of offers, request such additional information from the offeror as the offeror deems necessary in order to demonstrate the offeror's responsibility to the contracting officer (but see 9.405); and
- (2) Notify, prior to proceeding with award, in accordance with agency procedures (see 9.406-3(a) and 9.407-3(a)), the agency official responsible for initiating debarment or suspension action, where an offeror indicates the existence of an indictment, charge, conviction, or civil judgment, or Federal tax delinquency in an amount that exceeds \$3.000.
- (b) Offerors who do not furnish the certification or such information as may be requested by the contracting officer shall be given an opportunity to remedy the deficiency. Failure to furnish the certification or such information may render the offeror nonresponsible.

[73 FR 21798, Apr. 22, 2008]

9.104-6 Federal Awardee Performance and Integrity Information System.

- (a) Before awarding a contract in excess of the simplified acquisition threshold, the contracting officer shall review the Federal Awardee Performance and Integrity Information System (FAPIIS), (available at www.ppirs.gov, then select FAPIIS).
- (b) The contracting officer shall consider all the information in FAPIIS and other past performance information (see subpart 42.15) when making a responsibility determination. For source selection evaluations of past performance, see 15.305(a)(2). Contracting officers shall use sound judgment in determining the weight and relevance of the information contained in FAPIIS and how it relates to the present acquisition. Since FAPIIS may contain information on any of the offeror's previous contracts and information covering a five-year period, some of that information may not be relevant to a determination of present responsibility, e.g., a prior administrative action such as debarment or suspension that has expired or otherwise

been resolved, or information relating to contracts for completely different products or services.

- (c) If the contracting officer obtains relevant information from FAPIIS regarding criminal, civil, or administrative proceedings in connection with the award or performance of a Government contract; terminations for default or cause; determinations of nonresponsibility because the contractor does not have a satisfactory performance record or a satisfactory record of integrity and business ethics; or comparable information relating to a grant, the contractor has already been debarred or suspended—
- (1) Promptly request such additional information from the offeror as the offeror deems necessary in order to demonstrate the offeror's responsibility to the contracting officer (but see 9.405); and
- (2) Notify, prior to proceeding with award,in accordance with agency procedures (see 9.406–3(a) and 9.407–3(a)), the agency official responsible for initiating debarment or suspension action, if the information appears appropriate for the official's consideration.
- (d) The contracting officer shall document the contract file for each contract in excess of the simplified acquisition threshold to indicate how the information in FAPIIS was considered in any responsibility determination, as well as the action that was taken as a result of the information. A contracting officer who makes a non-responsibility determination is required to document that information in FAPIIS in accordance with 9.105-2 (b)(2).

[75 FR 14065, Mar. 23, 2010]

9.104-7 Solicitation provisions and contract clauses.

- (a) The contracting officer shall insert the provision at 52.209–5, Certification Regarding Responsibility Matters, in solicitations where the contract value is expected to exceed the simplified acquisition threshold.
- (b) The contracting officer shall insert the provision at 52.209-7, Information Regarding Responsibility Matters, in solicitations where the resultant

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contract value is expected to exceed \$500,000

- (c)(1) The contracting officer shall insert the clause at 52.209-9, Updates Publicly Available Information Regarding Responsibility Matters—
- (i) In solicitations where the resultant contract value is expected to exceed \$500,000; and
- (ii) In contracts in which the offeror checked "has" in paragraph (b) of the provision 52.209-7.
- (2) For solicitations issued prior to April 15, 2011, and resultant contracts, use the clause with its Alternate I.

[Redesignated and amended at 75 FR 14065, Mar. 23, 2010]

EDITORIAL NOTE: At 76 FR 4190, Jan. 24, 2011, §9.104-7 was amended; however, the amendment could not be incorporated due to inaccurate amendatory instruction.

9.105 Procedures.

9.105-1 Obtaining information.

- (a) Before making a determination of responsibility, the contracting officer shall possess or obtain information sufficient to be satisfied that a prospective contractor currently meets the applicable standards in 9.104.
- (b)(1) Generally, the contracting officer shall obtain information regarding the responsibility of prospective contractors, including requesting preaward surveys when necessary (see 9.106), promptly after a bid opening or receipt of offers. However, in negotiated contracting, especially when research and development is involved, the contracting officer may obtain this information before issuing the request for proposals. Requests for information shall ordinarily be limited to information concerning (i) the low bidder or (ii) those offerors in range for award.
- (2) Preaward surveys shall be managed and conducted by the surveying activity.
- (i) If the surveying activity is a contract administration office—
- (A) That office shall advise the contracting officer on prospective contractors' financial competence and credit needs; and
- (B) The administrative contracting officer shall obtain from the auditor any information required concerning the adequacy of prospective contrac-

tors' accounting systems and these systems' suitability for use in administering the proposed type of contract.

- (ii) If the surveying activity is not a contract administration office, the contracting officer shall obtain from the auditor any information required concerning prospective contractors' financial competence and credit needs, the adequacy of their accounting systems, and these systems' suitability for use in administering the proposed type of contract.
- (3) Information on financial resources and performance capability shall be obtained or updated on as current a basis as is feasible up to the date of award.
- (c) In making the determination of responsibility, the contracting officer shall consider information in FAPIIS (see 9.104-6), including information that is linked to FAPIIS such as from the Excluded Parties List System (EPLS) and the Past Performance Information Retrieval System (PPIRS), and any other relevant past performance information (see 9.104-1(c) and subpart 42.15). In addition, the contracting officer should use the following sources of information to support such determinations:
- (1) Records and experience data, including verifiable knowledge of personnel within the contracting office, audit offices, contract administration offices, and other contracting offices.
- (2) The prospective contractor—including bid or proposal information (including the certification at 52.209–5 or 52.212–3(h) (see 9.104–5)), questionnaire replies, financial data, information on production equipment, and personnel information.
- (3) Commercial sources of supplier information of a type offered to buyers in the private sector.
- (4) Preaward survey reports (see 9.106).
- (5) Other sources such as publications; suppliers, subcontractors, and customers of the prospective contractor; financial institutions; Government agencies; and business and trade associations.
- (d) Contracting offices and cognizant contract administration offices that become aware of circumstances casting doubt on a contractor's ability to perform contracts successfully shall